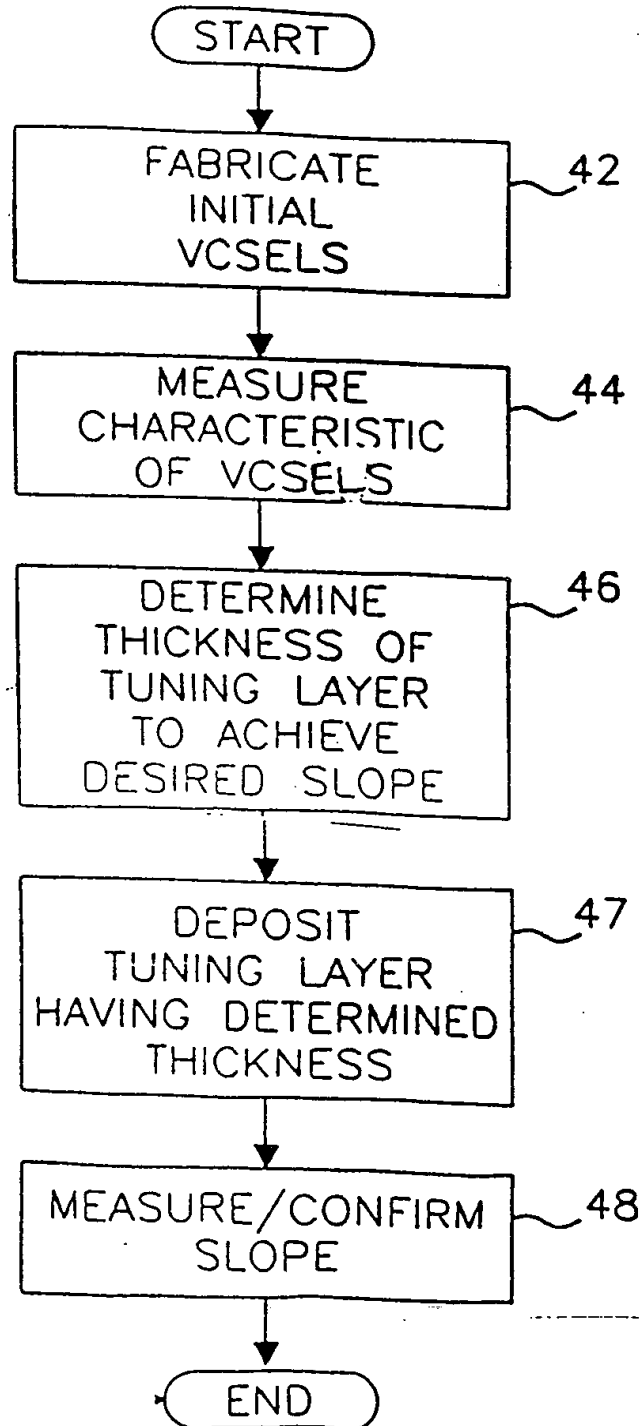




FIG. 2



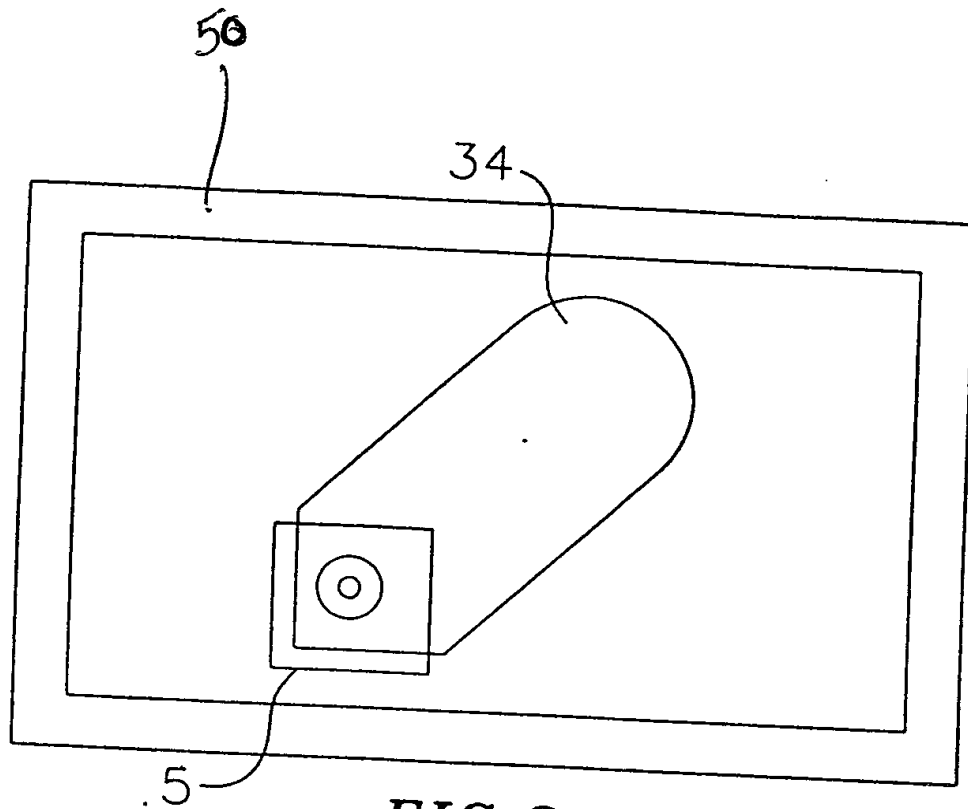


FIG. 3

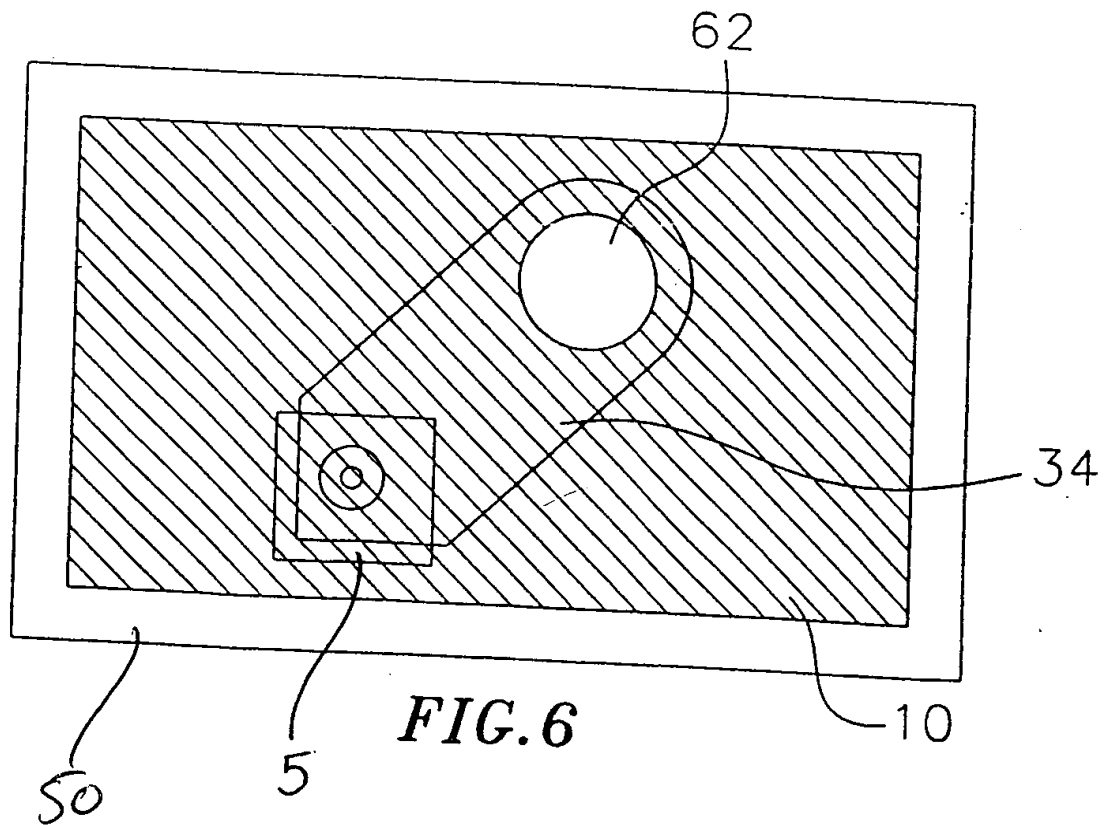
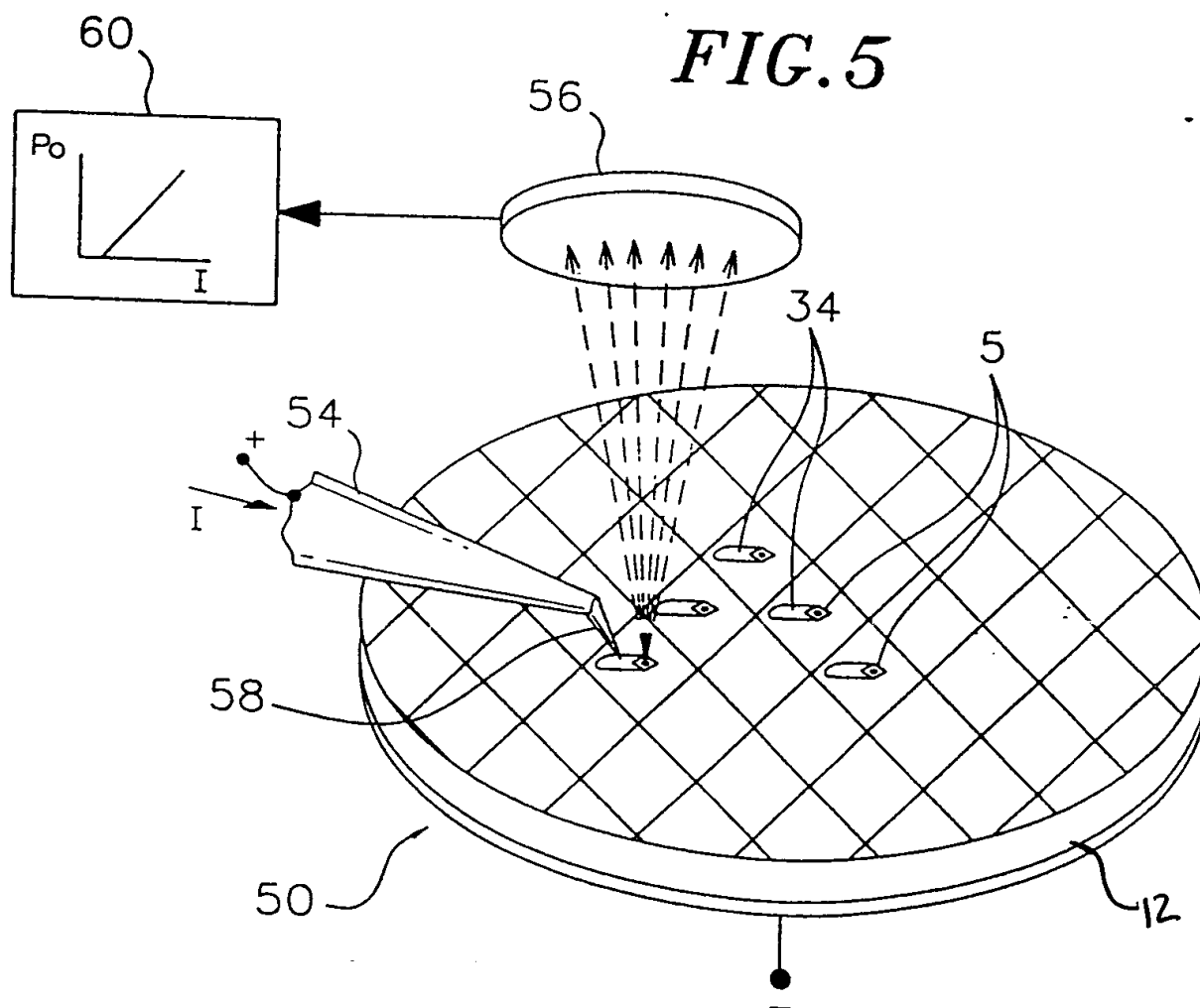


FIG. 6

FIG. 5



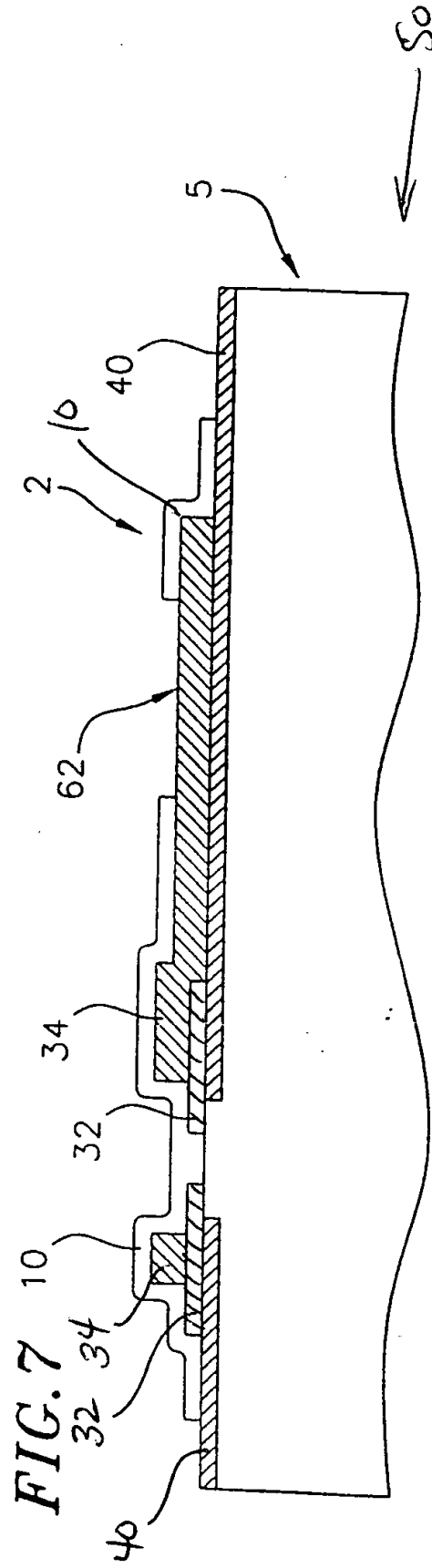
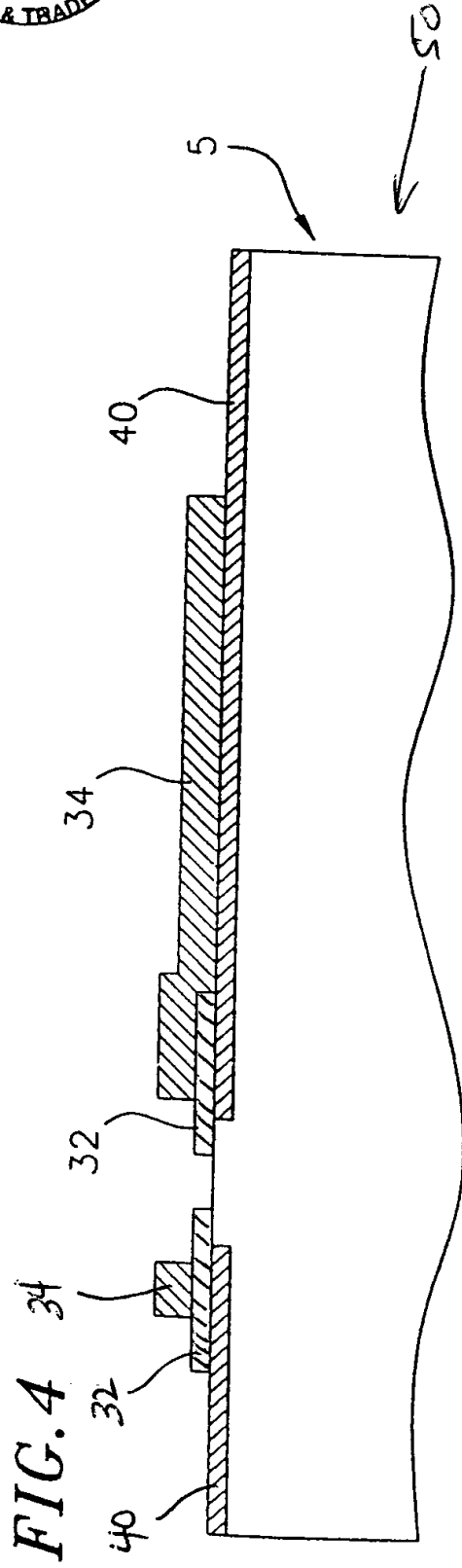


FIG. 8

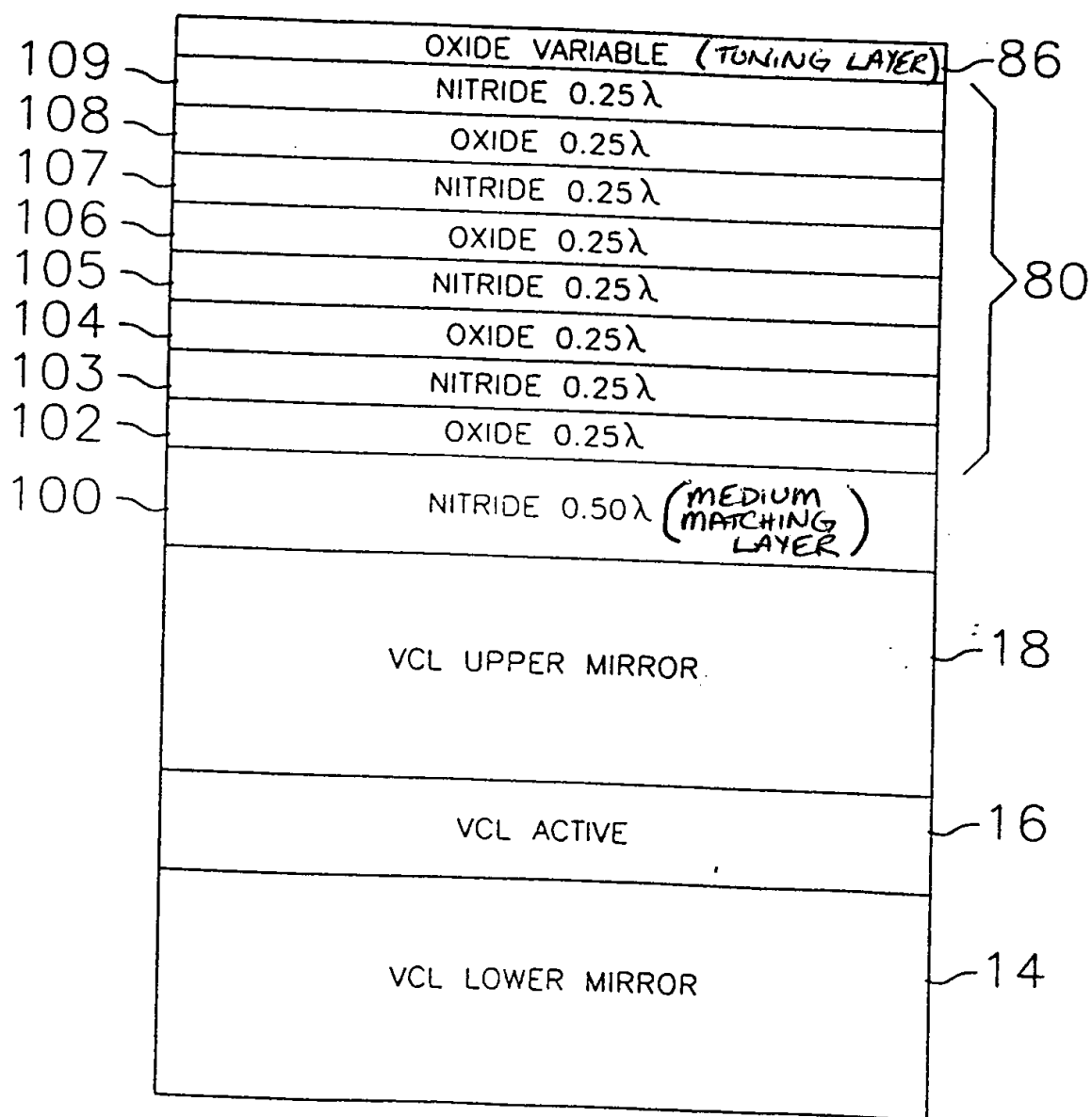
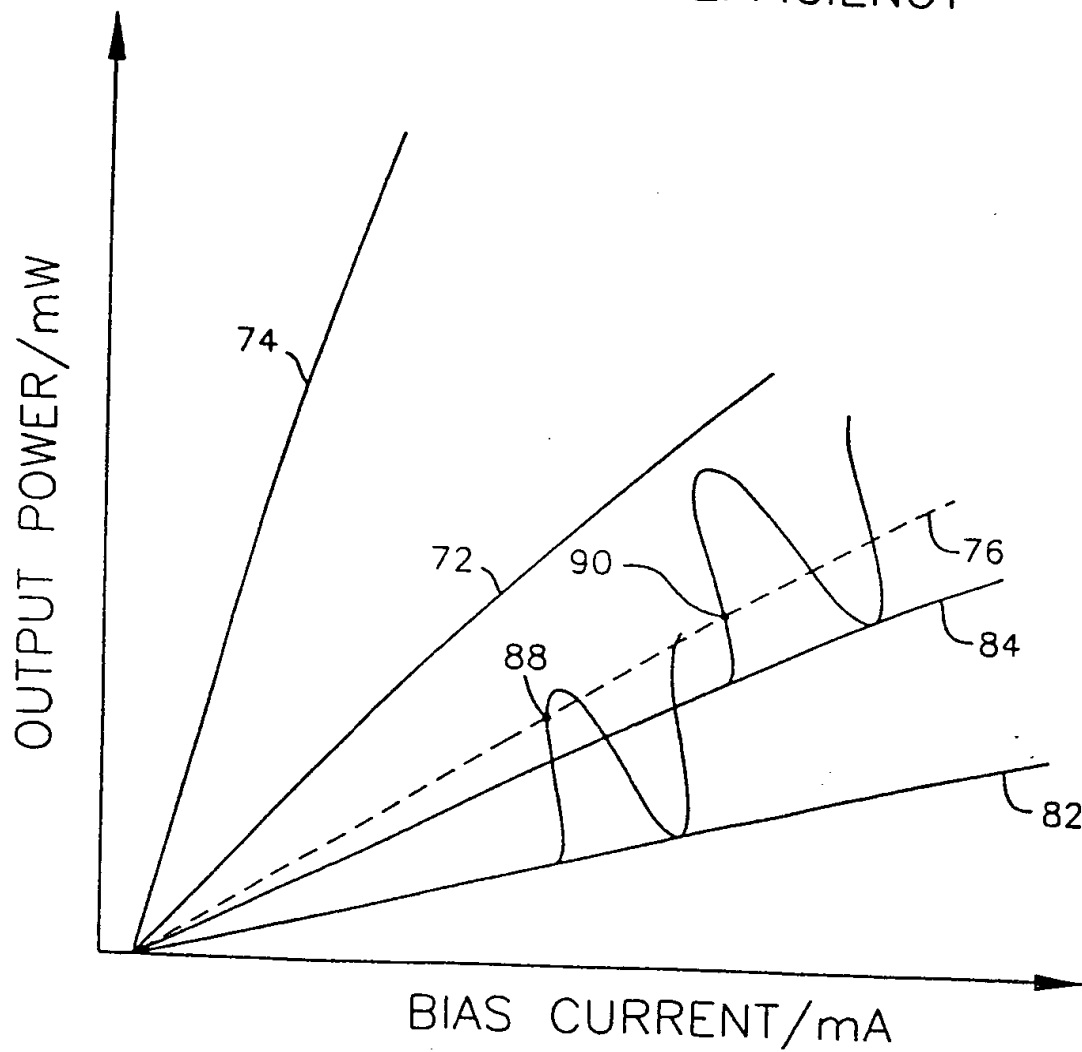


FIG. 9
LASER SLOPE EFFICIENCY



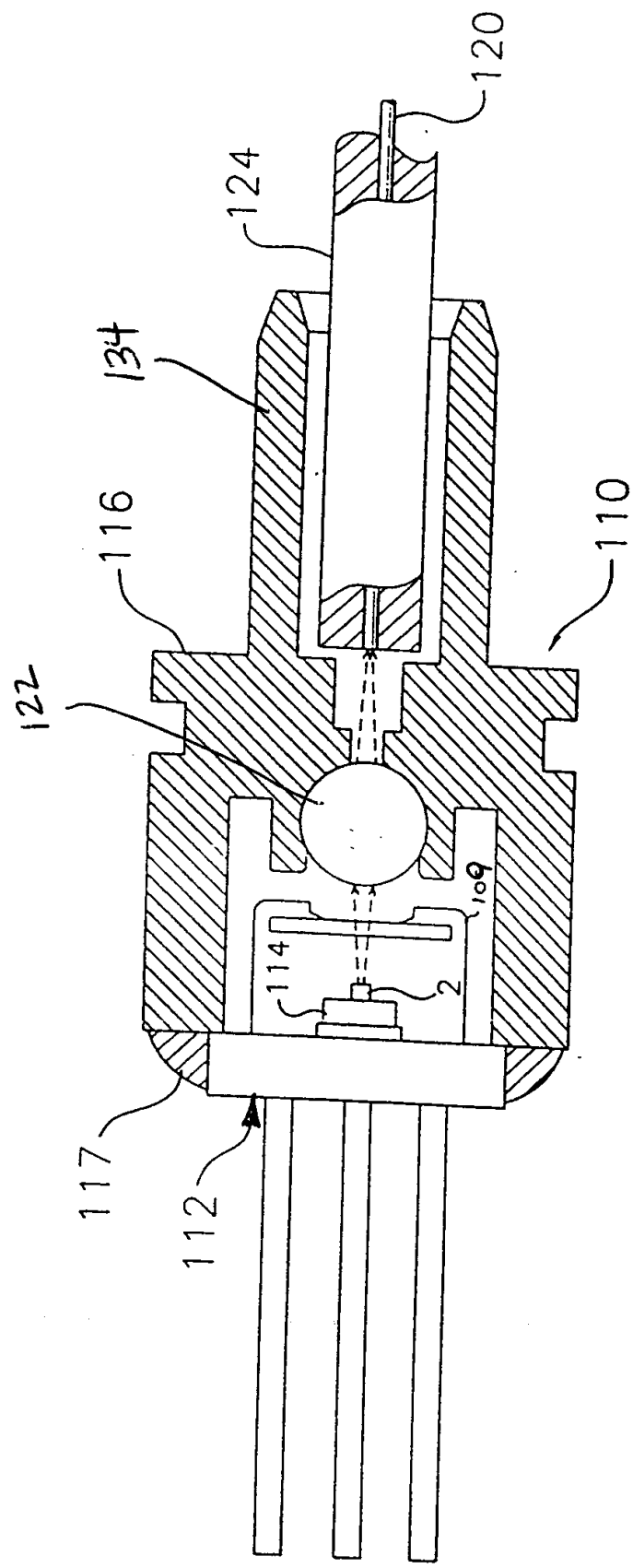


FIG. 10

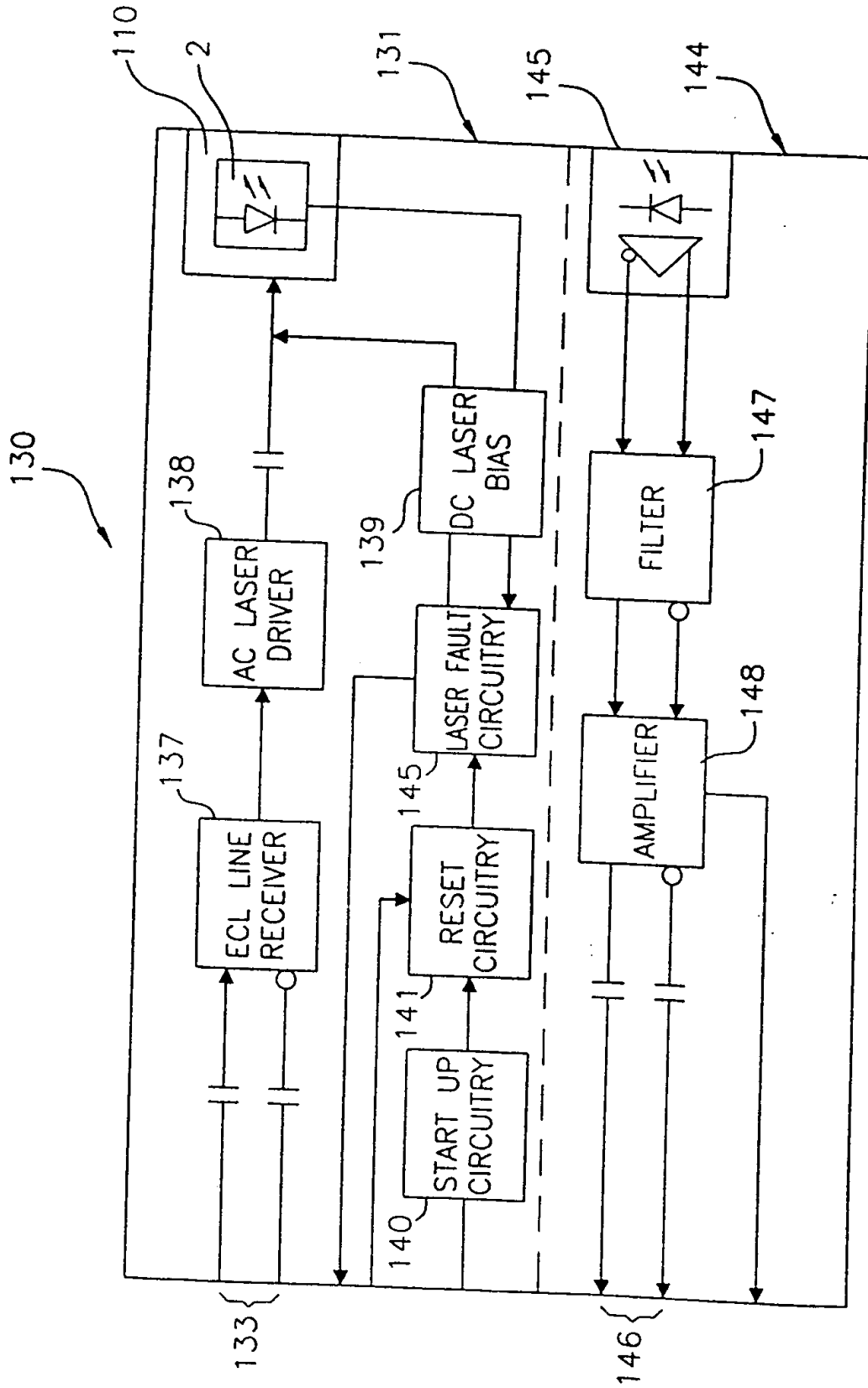


FIG. 11

VCSEL PACKAGE

PLASTIC ENCAPSULATION
W/ ANGLED WINDOW

Plastic encapsulation replaces for TOS6 package without impacting other packaging config

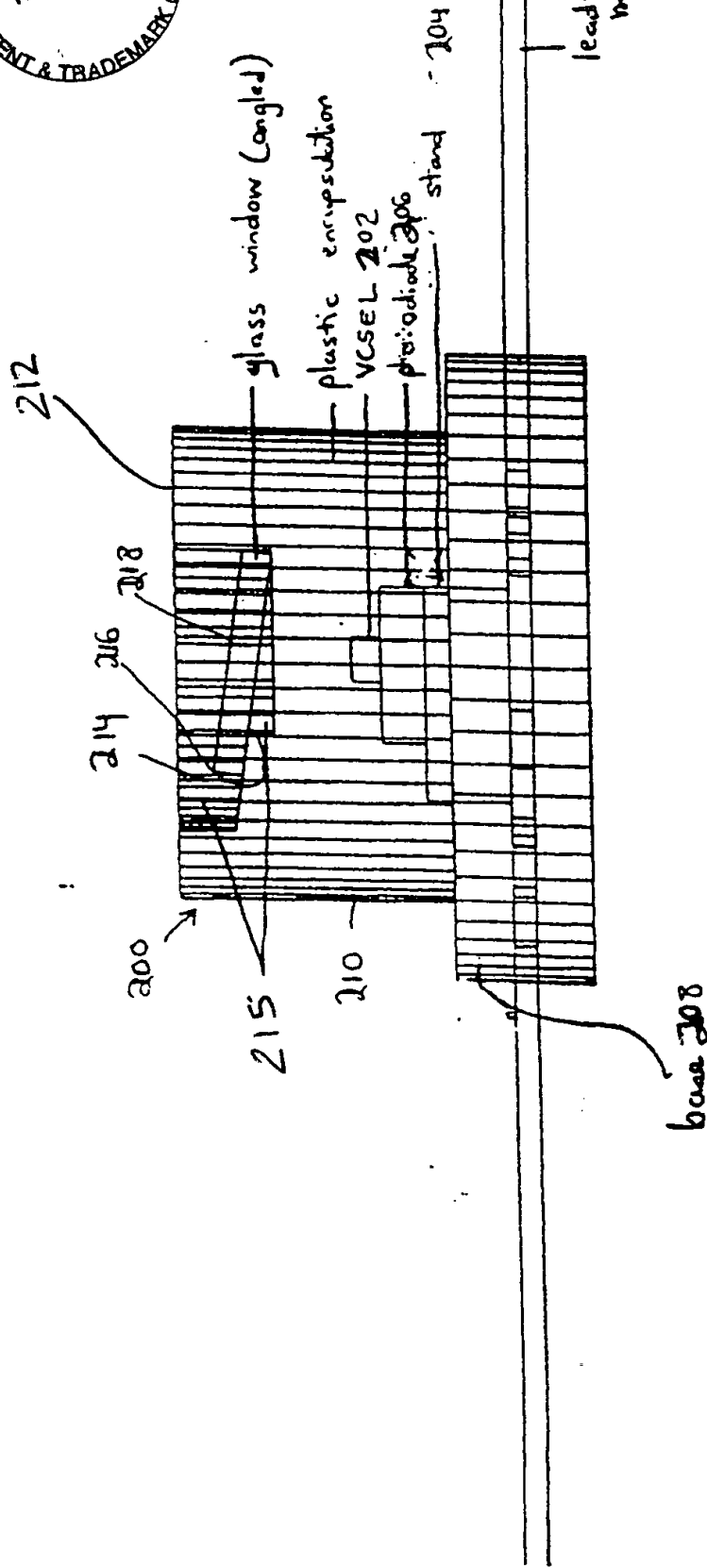


FIG. 12

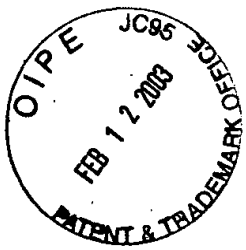
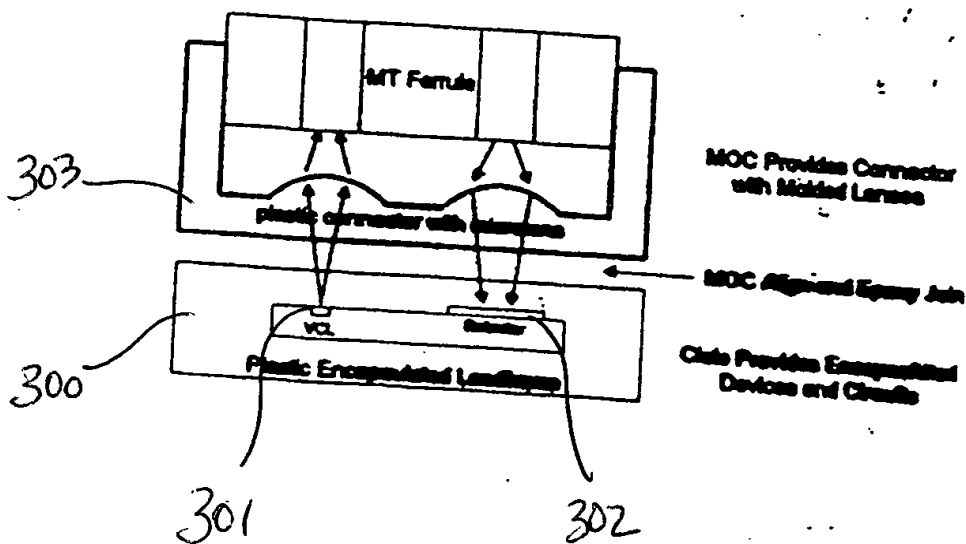


FIG. 13

Small Form Factor Concept

PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED



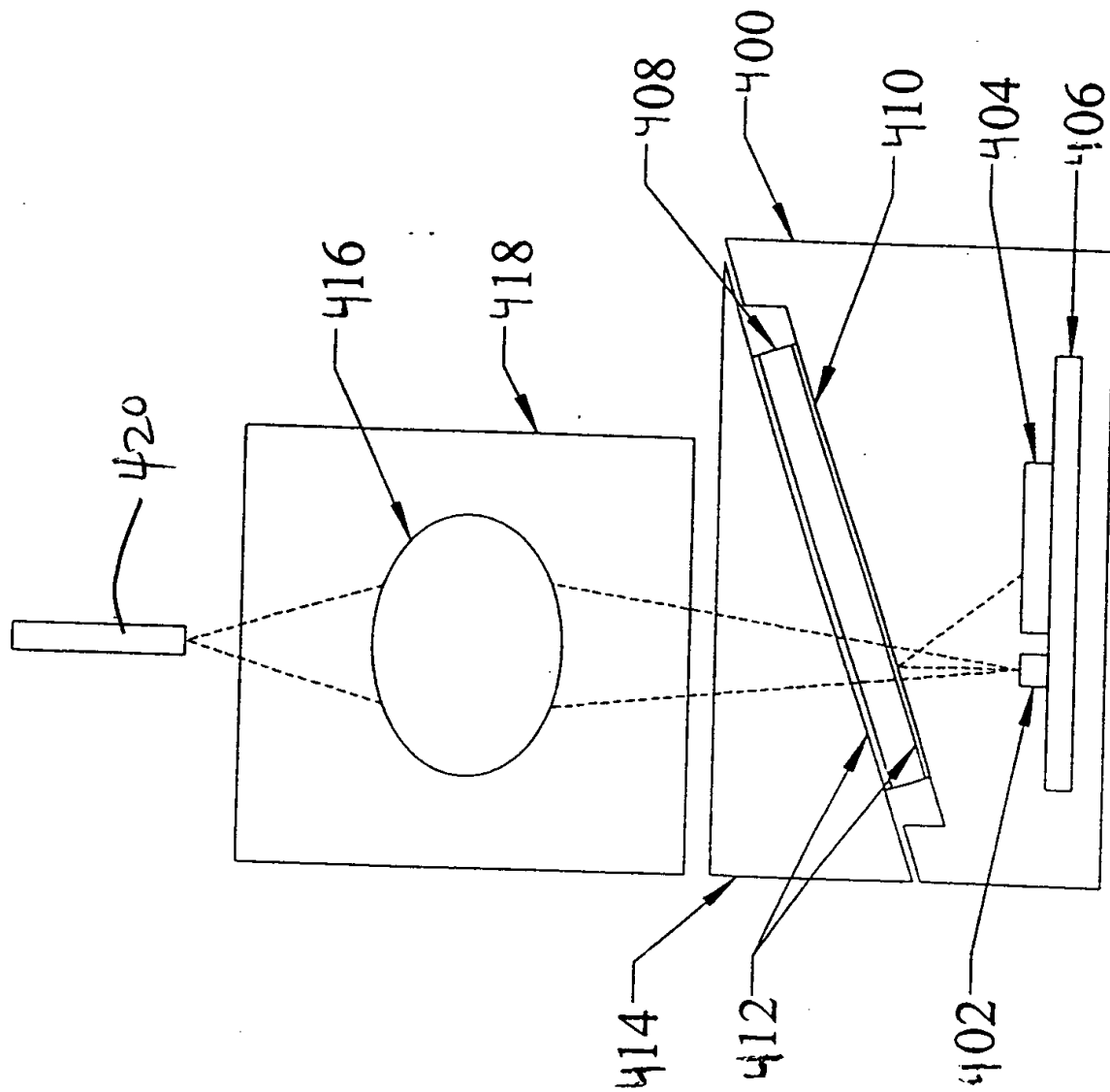


FIG. 14

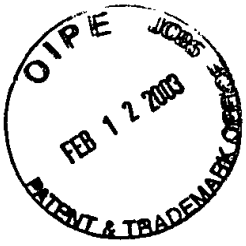
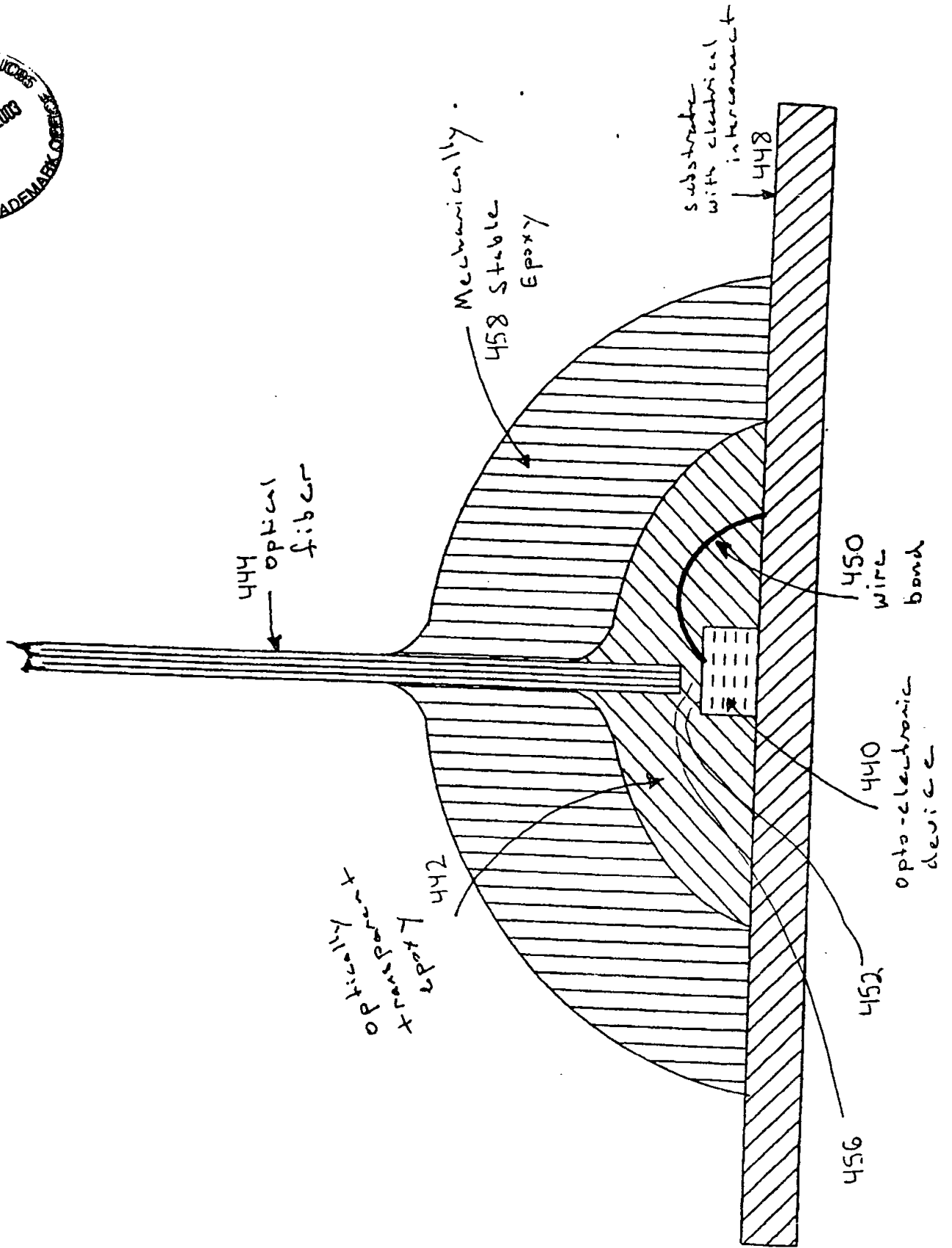


FIG. 15



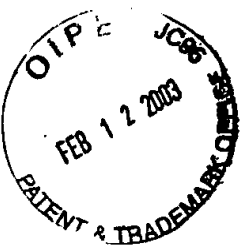
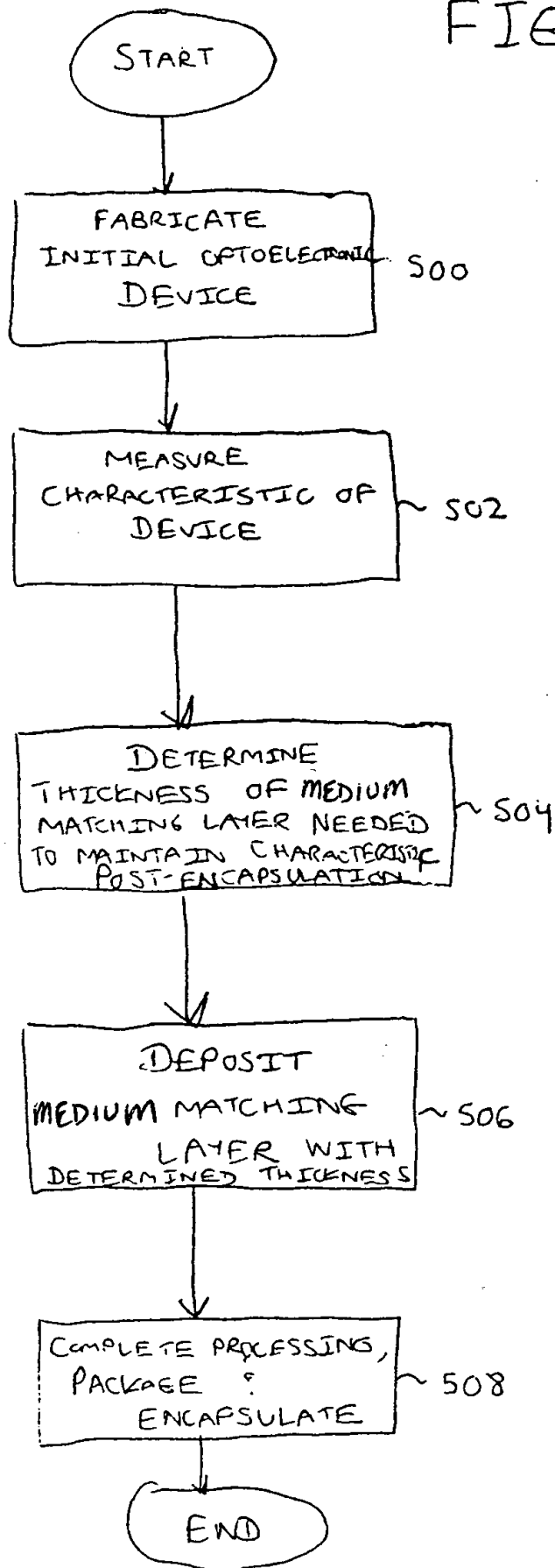


FIG. 16





| VCSEL structure | OxideMedium Match Thickness (A) | Transmission in air (%) | Transmission in plastic (%) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4 periods + | 0 | 0.017 | 0.025 |
| 4 periods + | 200 | 0.017 | 0.025 |
| 4 periods + | 400 | 0.018 | 0.025 |
| 4 periods + | 600 | 0.020 | 0.024 |
| 4 periods + | 800 | 0.023 | 0.024 |
| 4 periods + | 840 | 0.024 | 0.024 |
| 4 periods + | 1000 | 0.027 | 0.024 |
| 4 periods + | 1200 | 0.032 | 0.023 |
| 4 periods + | 1400 | 0.034 | 0.023 |

FIG. 17

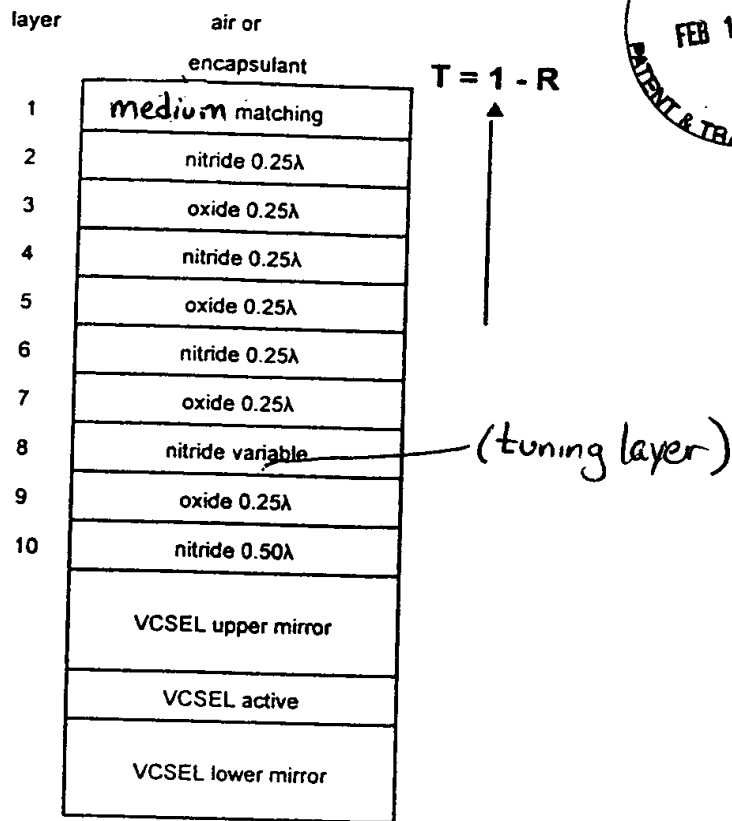


FIG. 18



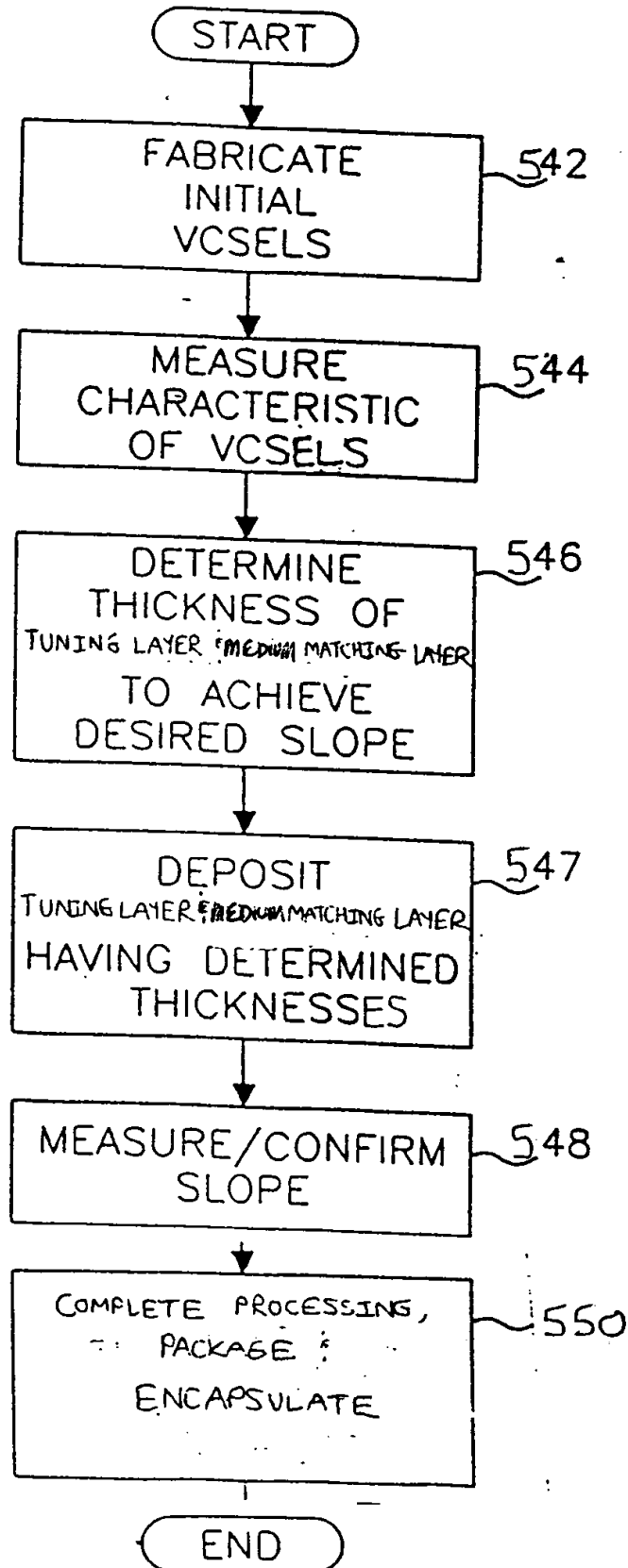
| Tuning Layer Thickness (layer 8) | Medium Match Thickness (layer 1) | Transmission in air or plastic | Loss | Optical Efficiency | Scaled |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|--------------------|--------|
| as grown | No mirror | 0.256 | 0.3 | 0.460 | 1 |
| 1062 | 840 | 0.024 | 0.3 | 0.074 | 0.161 |
| 850 | 1050 | 0.025 | 0.3 | 0.077 | 0.167 |
| 637 | 1300 | 0.029 | 0.3 | 0.088 | 0.191 |
| 425 | 1550 | 0.036 | 0.3 | 0.107 | 0.233 |
| 212 | 1930 | 0.042 | 0.3 | 0.123 | 0.267 |
| 0 | 2330 | 0.045 | 0.3 | 0.130 | 0.283 |

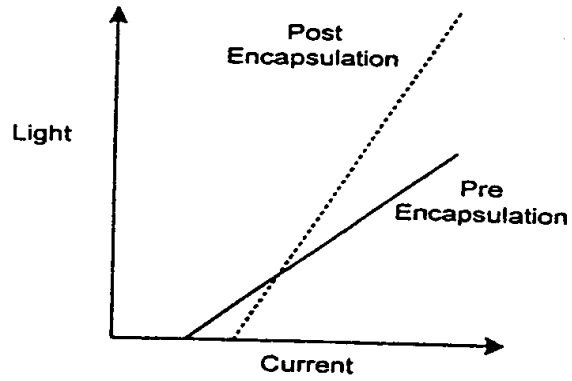
FIG. 19





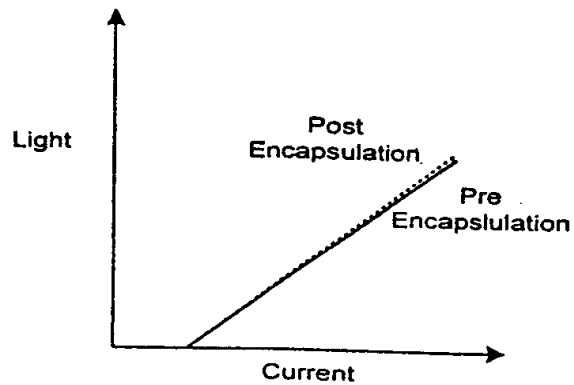
FIG. 20





Standard VCSEL Laser
without invention

FIG. 21



VCSEL Laser according to the
invention

FIG. 21A

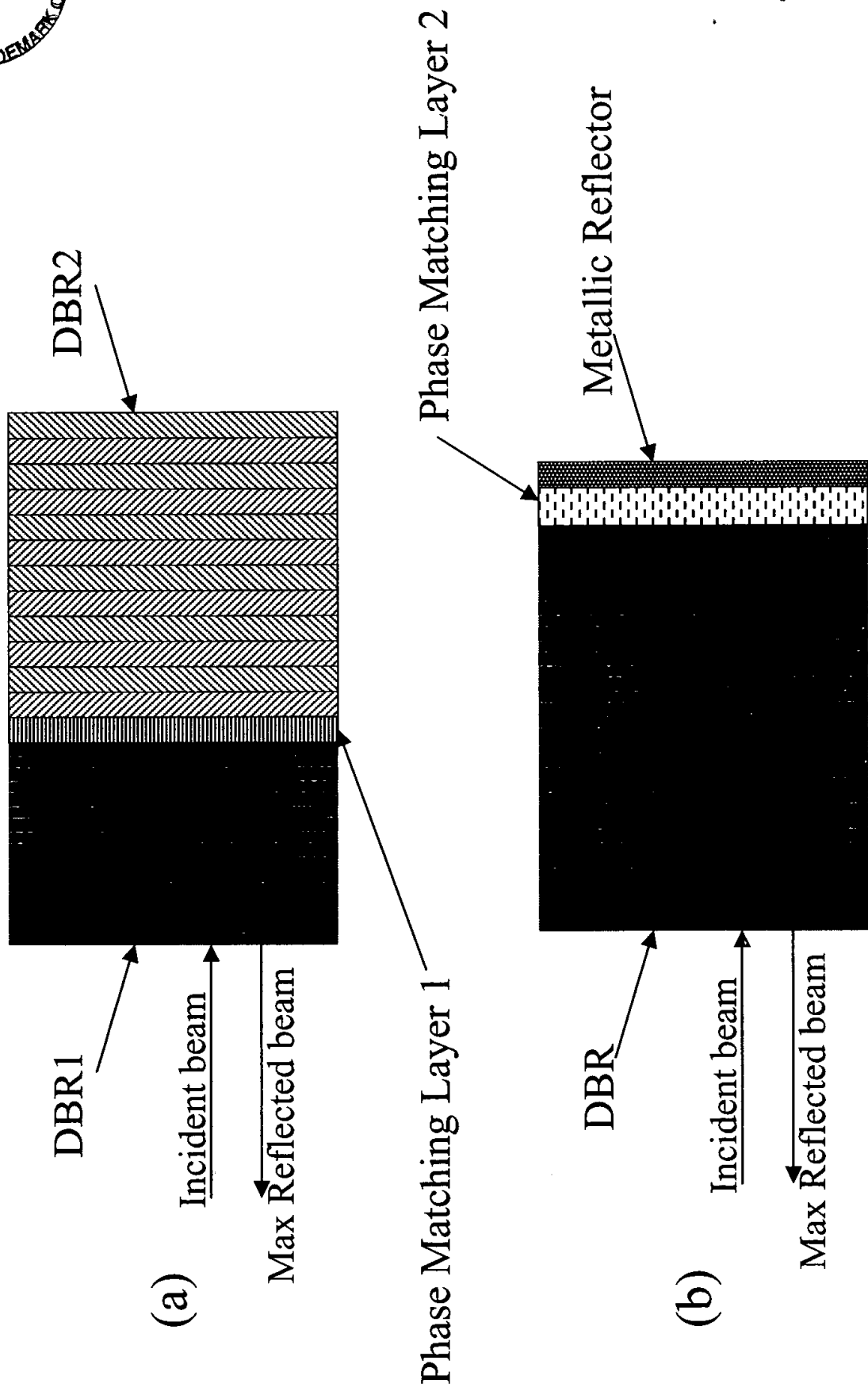


Figure 1. Prior Art Phase-Matching Layers



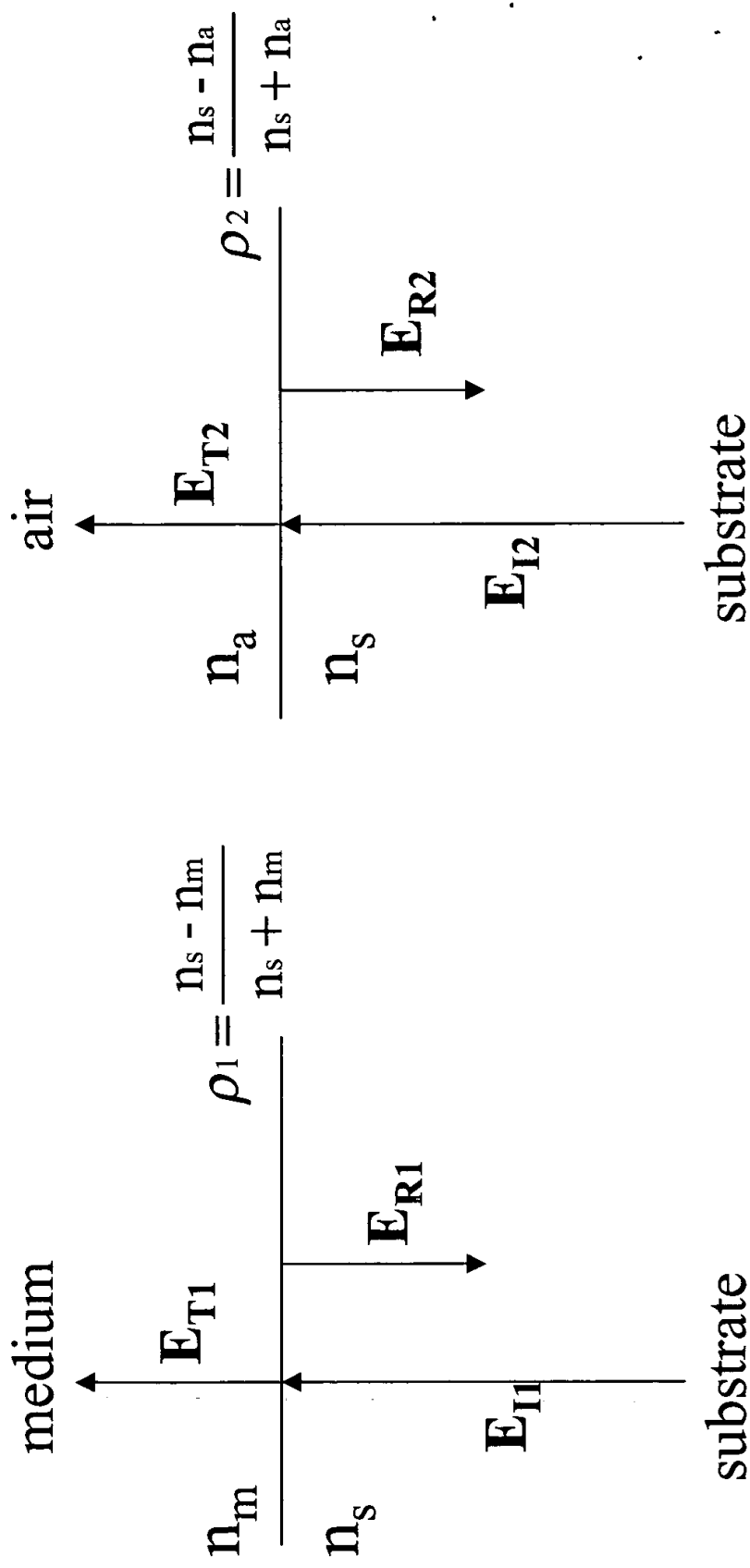
Figure 2. Prior Art Tuning Layer

$$R_1 = (\rho_1)^2$$

$$T_1 = 1 - R_1$$

$$R_2 = (\rho_2)^2$$

$$T_2 = 1 - R_2$$



NOTE: $R_1 \neq R_2$ & $T_1 \neq T_2$, because $n_m \neq n_a$

Figure 3. Elementary Example of the Problem

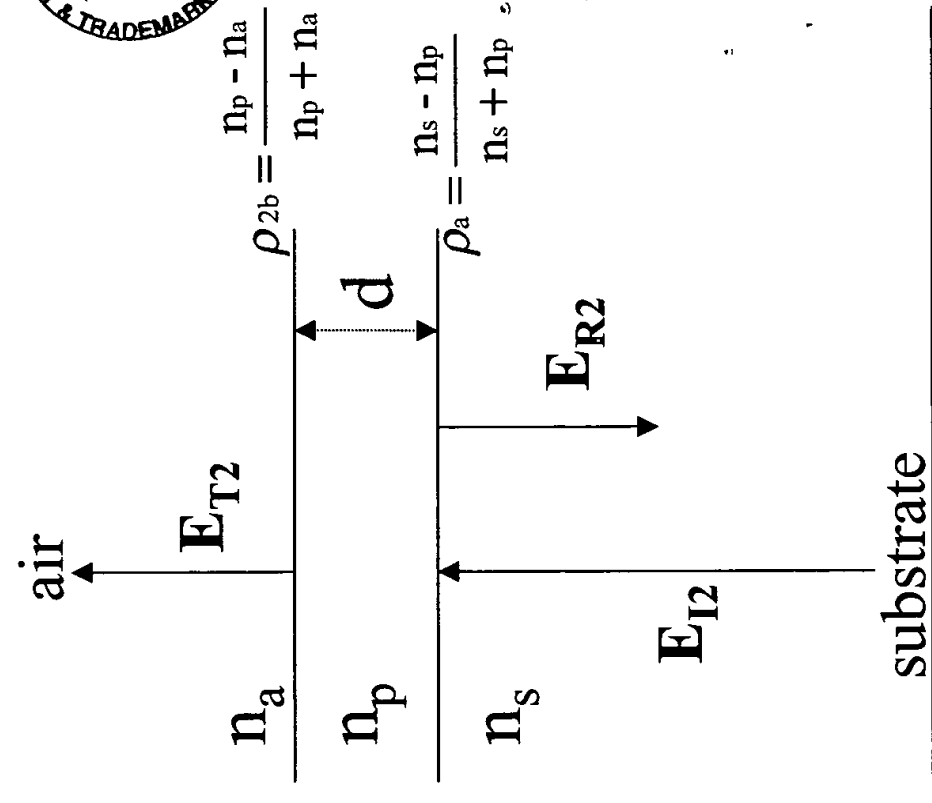
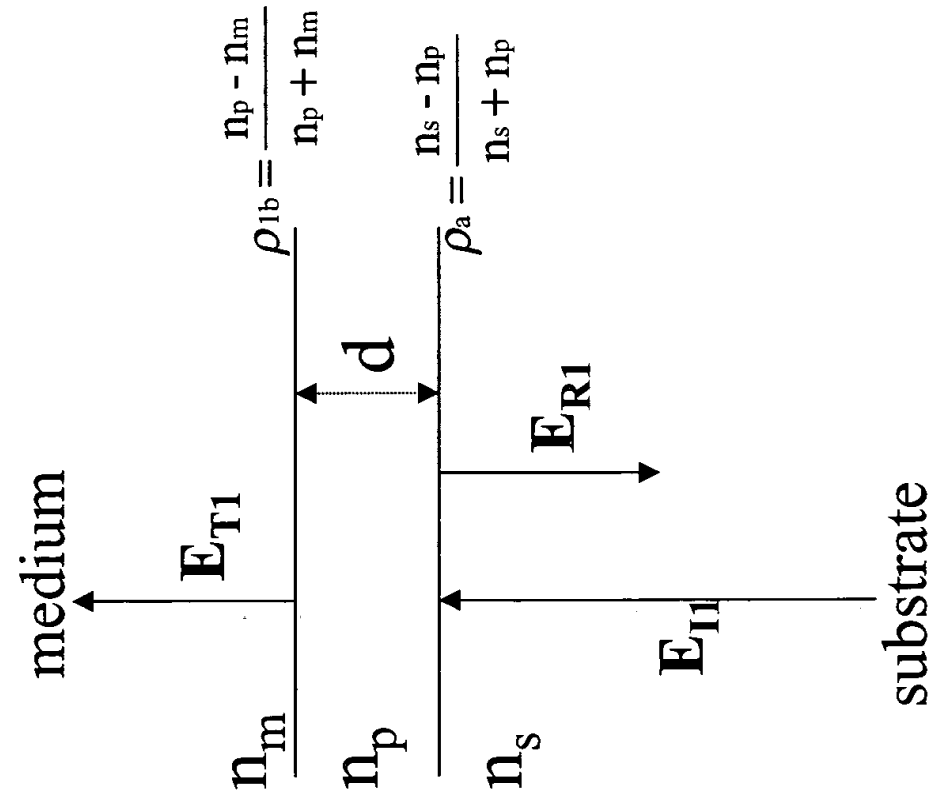
$$R_1 = f(\rho_{1b}, \rho_a, k, d)$$

$$T_1 = 1 - R_1$$

$$R_2 = f(\rho_{2b}, \rho_a, k, d)$$

$$T_2 = 1 - R_2$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi n_p}{\lambda}$$



Not obvious: there is a "d" \ni $R_1 = R_2$ & $T_1 = T_2$, though $n_m \neq n_a$

Figure 4. Elementary Example of the Solution





$$R_1 = \frac{(\rho_a + \rho_{1b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{1b} \sin^2 kd}{(1 + \rho_a \rho_{1b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{1b} \sin^2 kd}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{(\rho_a + \rho_{2b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{2b} \sin^2 kd}{(1 + \rho_a \rho_{2b})^2 - 4\rho_a \rho_{2b} \sin^2 kd}$$

Figure 5. Formulas for the R_1 & R_2 in figure 4